

Internal higher topos theory

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One of the main ideas behind the notion of a topos is that it provides semantics for a very rich logic, which can be used to interpret many of the constructions from classical mathematics internal to a topos. In particular, one can interpret the theory of categories itself internally, and even the theory of topoi, which leads to the notion of a topos *internal* to another topos. By a theorem of Moens [Moe82], the datum of such a topos internal to some base topos \mathcal{B} is equivalent to that of a topos \mathcal{X} together with a structure map $\mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$. In other words, the category of topoi internal to \mathcal{B} is equivalent to the category of topoi *over* \mathcal{B} .

In my talk, I will report on ongoing joint work with Sebastian Wolf, in which we tell the analogous story in the world of ∞ -topoi: given an arbitrary base ∞ -topos \mathcal{B} , we developed a theory of categories internal to \mathcal{B} . Such an internal category, hereafter referred to as a \mathcal{B} -category, is by definition a univalent Segal object in \mathcal{B} , i.e. a functor $\Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ satisfying certain conditions. Equivalently, a \mathcal{B} -category can be encoded by a limit-preserving functor $\mathcal{B}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Cat}_{\infty}$. The theory of \mathcal{B} -categories, as developed in our paper series [Mar21, MW21, Mar22, MW22], moves along similar lines as the theory of ∞ -categories, so that one can work with \mathcal{B} -categories in essentially the same way as with usual ∞ -categories:

1. The ∞ -category $\text{Cat}(\mathcal{B})$ of \mathcal{B} -categories is cartesian closed, so that one obtains a functor \mathcal{B} -category $\text{Fun}(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{D})$ for every pair of \mathcal{B} -categories \mathcal{C} and \mathcal{D} .
2. The ∞ -category $\text{Cat}(\mathcal{B})$ of \mathcal{B} -categories admits an $(\infty, 2)$ -categorical enhancement, which gives rise to a notion of *adjunctions* between \mathcal{B} -categories, and in particular of *Bousfield localisations* (which are adjunctions in which the counit is an equivalence).
3. By combining the first two constructions, one obtains a notion of limits and colimits in a \mathcal{B} -category \mathcal{C} indexed by a \mathcal{B} -category \mathcal{I} : one simply defines the limit (colimit) functor $\lim_{\mathcal{I}}$ ($\text{colim}_{\mathcal{I}}$) as the right (left) adjoint of the diagonal map $\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \underline{\text{Fun}}(\mathcal{I}, \mathcal{C})$.
4. The internal analogue of the ∞ -category of spaces \mathcal{S} is played by the *universe* Ω , defined via the limit-preserving functor $\mathcal{B}_{/-} : \mathcal{B}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Cat}_{\infty}$.
5. By combining (1) and (4), one can define the \mathcal{B} -category of *presheaves* $\text{PSh}(\mathcal{C}) = \text{Fun}(\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}}, \Omega)$ on an arbitrary \mathcal{B} -category \mathcal{C} .

By making use of the building blocks of \mathcal{B} -category theory as outlined above, one can now define the notion of a \mathcal{B} -topos:

Definition. A \mathcal{B} -category \mathcal{X} is a \mathcal{B} -topos if there is a (small) \mathcal{B} -category \mathcal{C} such that \mathcal{X} arises as a left exact and accessible Bousfield localisation of $\text{PSh}(\mathcal{C})$.

The definition of \mathcal{B} -topoi is entirely analogous to that of ∞ -topoi, and one can similarly prove internal analogues of most statements from higher topos theory, so that \mathcal{B} -topoi behave no different than ordinary ∞ -topoi. However, from an external point of view, one is now working with ∞ -topoi *over* \mathcal{B} :

*Speaker.

Theorem. *The ∞ -category of \mathcal{B} -topoi is equivalent to the ∞ -category of ∞ -topoi over \mathcal{B} .*

For this reason, the language of \mathcal{B} -topoi is well-suited for dealing with relative problems in higher topos theory. If time permits, I will discuss some examples where this principle is put to use.

References

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